**Replace Vector elements using index – Java example**

[**JAVA COLLECTIONS**](http://beginnersbook.com/category/java-collections/)

In this tutorial, we will see how to replace Vector elements. We will be using set() method of [**Vector class**](http://beginnersbook.com/2013/12/vector-in-java/) to do that.

public E set(int index, E element): Replaces the element at the specified position in this Vector with the specified element.

**Example**

In this example, we are replacing 2nd and 3rd elements of Vector with the new values.

import java.util.Vector;

public class ReplaceElements {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Vector<String> vector = new Vector<String>();

vector.add("Harry");

vector.add("Steve");

vector.add("Vince");

vector.add("David");

vector.add("Matt");

System.out.println("Vector elements before replacement: ");

for(int i=0; i < vector.size(); i++)

{

System.out.println(vector.get(i));

}

//Replacing index 1 element

vector.set(1,"Mark");

//Replacing index 2 element

vector.set(2,"Jack");

System.out.println("Vector elements after replacement: ");

for(int i=0; i < vector.size(); i++)

{

System.out.println(vector.get(i));

}

}

}

**Output:**

Vector elements before replacement:

Harry

Steve

Vince

David

Matt

Vector elements after replacement:

Harry

Mark

Jack

David

Matt